Q.P. Code: 302600

(3 Hours)

[Total Marks: 100

N. B. (1) All question are compulsors

(2) Figure to the right indicates full marks.

1 Answer the following (not more than two sentences)

(20)

- a. When can a proposal be revoked?
- b. Define consideration under Indian Contract Act.
- c. Whether an article displayed in a shop with price-tag attached to it an offer?
- d. Who is said to be of sound mind under Indian Contract Act?
- e. What is the effect of mistake of law under Indian Contract Act?
- t. What is the effect of an agreement in restraint of marriage?
- g. What is the obligation of a person who has received any advantage under a contract. which becomes void?
- h. What is 'trust' as defined under Specific Relief Act?
- What is the limitation period for filing suit under section 6 of Specific Relief Act?
- j. Who can institute a suit to have the instrument rectified?
- 2. Write short notes on (any four).

(20)

- a. Government Contracts
- b. Agreement in restraint of legal proceedings
- c. Contingent Contracts
- d. Agreement by way of wager
- e. Alternative relief in a suit for specific persormance
- Mandatory injunction
- 3. Answer the following giving reasons (any two)

(12)

- A, who is 16 years old, borrowed Rs. 20,000/- from B and executed a promissory note in favour of B. After attaining the age of majority, he replaced the old promissory note by a new promissory note in favour of B.
 - i. Who is competent to contract?
 - Can B enforce the new promissory note from against A? ii.
- b. A was directed by the court to furnish the surety of Rs. 15,000/- under Criminal Procedure Code. A gave the said amount to B and persuaded him to become a surety. After expiry of the period of surety the amount was reimbursed to B. A asked B to return the said amount however B refused to do so
 - What is unlawful consideration? i.
 - Will A succeed in the above case? ii.

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- c. X an attorney, induces his client Y, a Hindu widow to transfer property to him to defrauding V's crediters. Ye defrauding Y's creditors. Y thereafter files a suit for rescission of the instrument of transfer.

 i. What is received.
 - What is rescission of contract?
 - ii. Will Y succeed?

Answer the following (any four)

(48)

- a. Discuss the law relating to communication of proposal, acceptance and revocation proposal & acceptance. How can a proposal be revoked?
- b. Explain the doctrine of privity contract with relevant cases and state exceptions to the doctrine?
- c. "An agreement in restraint of trade is void" discuss and state exceptions if any.
- d. "If a contract is broken, the law endeavors, so far as money can do it, to place the injure party in the same position as if the contract has been performed." Comment.
- e. What is the object of summery remedy provided under Section 6 of Specific Relief Ac
- What are the different types of injunctions under Specific Relief Act? When can injunction be refused?